SOLIEUM LABS · INVESTOR AND EXPO DECK · NOVEMBER 2026

Solieum

Layer 2 for Solana

Scaling Solana without handing over the keys.

LIVE ON SOLANA DEVNET

PRE-MAINNET · PRE-AUDIT

EVERY FIGURE CARRIES ITS BASIS

INVESTMENT SUMMARY

Solieum in one slide

WHAT

An optimistic rollup. It runs transactions on its own fast chain and settles them on Solana, with the data on Solana too.

WHY

Solana’s limit is contention at peak load. A quarter to a third of its non-vote transactions fail, and each one still pays.

LIVE TODAY

Six L1 programs on Solana devnet. A bridge in both directions, a fraud-proof game and forced inclusion all run.

STAGE

Pre-mainnet and pre-audit, Stage 0. One operator key today; multisig and timelock are published before mainnet.

THE COIN

SEU: 500,000,000, fixed. Not issued on a network of value yet. 12% of supply is set aside for private rounds.

THE ASK

USD 2 million in private rounds, to fund the external audit, the public testnet and the road to mainnet beta.

Each line is expanded later in the deck, with its basis.

THE PROBLEM

Solana’s limit is contention, not raw speed

When demand spikes, everyone competes for the same block space at the same moment. The chain keeps running, but users pay for transactions that never land.

AT PEAK LOAD

Demand spikes break things

Dropped transactions, expired slippage and exchange pauses arrive together, exactly when users need the chain most.

FAILED, AND PAID FOR

A quarter to a third fail

That share of the non-vote transactions Solana executes fails, and each one still pays its fee. Solieum refuses a failing transaction at the door, free.

THE WORKLOAD

Bursty, low-value, constant

Order books, game state and social feeds send many small updates. They do not need a share of the base layer’s block space for each one.

Source: Solieum’s published documentation and its sample of failed Solana transactions (solieum.com).

Most Layer 2s ship the throughput first and defer the parts that make it trustworthy.

Solieum builds in the opposite order.

The bridge, the fraud-proof game, forced inclusion and settlement run on devnet today. Throughput is not benchmarked yet, and we say so.

MARKET

The activity is on Solana. Rollups already carry value.

Solana carries the transactions, and Ethereum has shown that rollups can secure real value. Solieum brings that model to where the activity is.

100M+

transactions a day on Solana, as reported during 2026

Ecosystem reports, 2026

$5.5B

of value locked in Solana’s DeFi applications

DefiLlama, April to May 2026

$34–40B

of value secured by rollups on Ethereum

L2BEAT, 2026 snapshots

Third-party figures, shown for context; they are not Solieum’s own. Check the live sources before presenting: defillama.com and l2beat.com.

POSITIONING

Five design choices, and what each one costs

A scaling network is defined by where it settles, where its data lives and how a user gets out. These are Solieum’s answers, with the price of each.

The choice	What it gives	What it costs
Settle on Solana	Inherits Solana’s security and its users	Pays Solana fees for every state root
Keep the data on Solana	Anyone can rebuild the state from L1	Data fees, cut by compression to 53%
Optimistic proofs first	Runs the Solana program model today	A 48-hour window before an exit is final
SOL as the gas asset	No new coin is needed to use the rollup	The coin cannot lean on gas demand
A stage label on every claim	Diligence starts from checkable facts	Slower marketing, fewer headline figures

Each choice trades a headline number for a property an investor can verify.

COMPETITOR COMPARISON

How Solieum compares with other scaling networks

The same four questions for each network: what it runs, where it settles, where its data lives and what users pay with.

Network	Runs	Settles on	Data kept on	Gas paid in
Solieum (devnet)	Solana programs	Solana	Solana	SOL
Eclipse	Solana programs	Ethereum	Celestia	ETH
SOON	Solana programs	Ethereum, BNB Chain, Base	Ethereum and EigenDA	ETH
Sonic SVM	Solana programs	Solana	Not confirmed	SOL
MagicBlock	Solana programs	Solana, by session	Committed back to Solana	Fee-free, as reported
Arbitrum, Base, OP	Ethereum programs	Ethereum	Ethereum	ETH

Public sources, November 2026: each project’s documentation, L2BEAT and press. “Not confirmed” and “as reported” mark cells without a primary source.

COMPETITIVE POSITION

Where others are ahead, and where Solieum differs

WHERE OTHERS ARE AHEAD

They are live, funded and used

- Their mainnets are live; Solieum is on devnet
- Their coins are issued; SEU is not
- They have raised tens of millions of dollars
- They have applications and users; Solieum has none yet

WHERE SOLIEUM DIFFERS

Solana end to end

- It settles on Solana, with the data on Solana too
- Gas is SOL: no new coin is needed to use it
- Exits rest on a fraud-proof game deployed on Solana
- Every claim carries its stage: measured, target or not done

Solieum is earlier than its peers, and this deck says so on every slide.

SOLANA AND SOLIEUM

Not a rival chain: a fast lane on Solana

	Solana	Solieum
What it is	Layer 1 blockchain	Layer 2 rollup that settles on Solana
Security from	Its own validators	Solana, plus fraud proofs anyone can raise
Who runs it	A large, independent validator set	One sequencer today; a staked set planned
Block time	About 400 ms	100 ms
Done when	Confirmed in about 1 s, final in about 13 s	Receipt at once; on Solana in about 3 min; final after 48 h
Failed transactions	Still charged the fee	Refused at submission, free
Transaction order	No per-transaction promise	A signed, bonded receipt for its position
Fees	5,000 lamports per signature, plus priority	Flat 5,000 lamports in SOL; savings not shown yet
Moving funds out	Already on Solana	About 3 days, or seconds through a fast exit
Maturity	Mainnet since 2020, large ecosystem	Devnet, pre-audit, no apps yet

Failed transactions cost nothing and order is provable, with Solana’s security underneath.

FAILED TRANSACTIONS

On Solieum, a failed transaction costs nothing

ON SOLANA

Fee paid

A quarter to a third of non-vote transactions execute and fail, and every one still pays its fee.

Solieum’s hourly mainnet sample and a public Dune dashboard

ON SOLIEUM · BUILT, ON DEVNET

0 SOL

A transaction that would fail is run when it is submitted and refused there, with the program’s own error. It never reaches a block and is never charged.

Decided in ADR-0014, built in the node

NOT A TRADE GUARANTEE

Slippage still refuses and a race still has one winner. Hearing no is free and takes milliseconds.

NOT FINALITY

Every transaction in a block succeeded, but blocks still settle on the usual schedule.

ONE EXCEPTION

Forced-inclusion entries posted through Solana are not checked first, so they can still fail.

A WORKED EXAMPLE

Two buyers, one item left

Alice sends just before Bob. Only one can win; what differs is what Bob pays, and when he knows.

ON SOLANA

- **Send.** Both built against “one item left”; both pass simulation.
- **In flight.** An unknown leader orders them among everyone’s traffic.
- **Execute.** Alice’s buys it. Bob’s runs next: sold out.
- **Result.** Both land in a block. Bob’s is a failure, fee paid.

Bob: failed on chain, fee paid

ON SOLIEUM

- **Alice sends.** Run against the block being built: success, admitted, receipt.
- **Bob sends.** Run against that block, Alice’s purchase included: sold out.
- **Refused.** Turned away at once with the program’s error. No position, no block.
- **Seal.** Alice’s succeeds again, exactly as at admission.

Bob: told no in milliseconds, 0 SOL

Bob still does not get the item. Losing the race just costs nothing. Order of events only; no timings are claimed. ADR-0014.

WHAT IT IS

An optimistic rollup that settles on Solana

A rollup runs transactions on its own fast chain and posts the results to a base chain that can check them. Solieum’s base chain is Solana, for the data and for the final state.

01 · EXECUTE

Off-chain, in order

One sequencer orders transactions first-come, first-served, and signs a receipt for each one it accepts.

02 · SETTLE

Data and state on Solana

Every block’s data and its state root are committed to Solana L1. Nothing is kept on a side network.

03 · EXIT

By proof, not permission

A wrong state root can be challenged in an on-chain game. Withdrawals are paid from a proof against a final root.

Fees are paid in SOL. No coin is needed to use the rollup.

HOW IT WORKS

Fast execution above, Solana’s security below

Three parts, and a rule for each way things can go wrong.

Users and apps

Send a transaction and get a signed receipt. One that would fail is refused at the door, free.

→

Solieum node

Orders and executes, compresses each block, then posts its data and a state root under a bond.

→

Solana L1

Programs for data, settlement, the dispute game, the bridge, forced inclusion and the sequencer bond.

IF THE SEQUENCER CENSORS	A user posts the transaction on Solana and the rollup must include it.
IF A ROOT IS WRONG	Anyone can challenge it. The game narrows to one step Solana re-executes.
IF THE OPERATOR STOPS	The data is on Solana, so the state can be rebuilt and exits proven.

LIFE OF A TRANSACTION

From a click to final, step by step

1

Submit

AT ONCE

The sequencer checks it, refuses it free if it would fail, and returns a signed receipt.

2

Block

ABOUT 100 MS

The transaction is executed in a block. Blocks form only when there is work.

3

On Solana

192 S MEDIAN, MEASURED

The block’s compressed data and its state root land on Solana, under a bond.

4

Challenge

48 HOURS

Anyone can dispute the root. With no successful challenge, it becomes final.

5

Withdraw

+ 24 HOURS

After the air gap, a withdrawal is paid from a proof against the final root.

Fast exit: a liquidity provider pays the user in seconds and waits out the window instead. Measured on devnet with the team’s own liquidity; it does not shorten the window.

Total exit time is about 3 days: a target, set by decision records ADR-0015 and ADR-0016.

TRACTION · WHAT EXISTS TODAY

Live on Solana devnet, and checkable there

Three chains have run since September 2026. One was retired cleanly with every root final and every withdrawal paid. The current chain is gamma, live since 11 September 2026.

6

L1 programs live: five for settlement, one sequencer bond

`Solana devnet`

158

state roots on the beta chain, every one final; it closed with nothing owed

`5 to 12 Sept 2026`

4

withdrawals paid on beta, then the first payout on gamma

`All to team addresses`

192 s

median from ordering to root on Solana, under a 200-transfer burst; worst 278 s

`13 Nov 2026, public RPC`

Devnet holds nothing of value. No exit has yet been made by a user outside the team, and no application runs on the network yet.

AT THE STAND

See it run, not a mock-up

DEMO 1 · THE EXPLORER

Every block, and its status

The explorer ships inside the node. It shows blocks, transactions and whether each block’s root can be defended in a dispute.

DEMO 2 · THE BRIDGE

A deposit and a withdrawal

SOL goes in from Solana devnet, is credited on the rollup, and is proven back out against a final root.

DEMO 3 · BUILDING

A program, source to chain

Written in CradleScript, checked and compiled in Cradle Studio, then run on a Solieum chain.

DEMO 4 · NO WASTED FEES

A refused transaction

A transaction that would fail is turned away at submission: no signature recorded and no fee taken.

Each demo runs on a Solieum chain at the stand; the bridge demo uses Solana devnet.

THE NUMBERS, WITH THEIR BASIS

What we have measured, and what we have not

What	Figure	Basis
Ordering to root on Solana	192 s median, 278 s worst	Measured 13 Nov 2026, under load
Fast exit	Seconds	Measured, team’s own liquidity
Block data after compression	53% of raw size	Measured on modelled traffic
Data cost per L2 transaction	522 → 280 lamports	Measured, same model
One-step fraud-proof check	322,863–532,232 CU	Measured, by step class
Settling a one-transaction block	3,620,360 lamports	Measured 30 Sept 2026
Break-even per block	About 705 transactions	From the line above
Throughput	Not benchmarked	Nothing published yet
Fee reduction against Solana	To be determined	Target, no figure yet

A lamport is one billionth of a SOL. CU is a compute unit, Solana’s measure of work.

TRUST MODEL

Written down, not buried

What a user trusts today, and what replaces each trust assumption on the way to mainnet.

MATURITY	Stage 0. Training wheels on: a single operator key can upgrade the contracts.
FRAUD PROOFS	Interactive bisection down to one step. Deployed on devnet; enforcing nowhere that holds real funds yet.
SEQUENCER	One, operated by Solieum. First-come, first-served, a signed receipt per transaction, and forced inclusion as the guarantee.
EXIT	48-hour challenge window, then a 24-hour air gap in which a guardian can hold a root. Fast exits do not shorten the window.
AUDIT AND KEYS	External audit planned, not yet complete. Multisig, threshold and timelock are published before mainnet.

FOR BUILDERS

Solana’s program model, and a safer way to write for it

A developer who knows Solana keeps the same accounts and programs. Solve adds a language and compiler that stop unsafe code before it ships.

FRAMEWORK

Solve is the main framework

Programs are written in CradleScript and compiled by CRADLE to a native Solana program. A build stops on any finding rated high or above.

COMPATIBILITY

Familiar where it counts

Accounts, PDAs, programs, CPI and Ed25519 work as on Solana. Clock, fees and rent are defined by the rollup. Stake, vote and lookup tables are not available.

TOOLING

What works today

The explorer ships inside the node and the API reference is live. @solana/web3.js 1.x works against the node’s /solana path. SDK packages are not published yet.

Build-time checks do not replace an audit. Wallet support is confirmed with the public testnet.

WHO IT IS FOR

Applications that send many small updates

The first target is the workload that suffers most from contention: constant, low-value activity that still needs Solana’s security underneath.

TRADING

Order books and markets

Quotes change many times a second. They run on the rollup at a flat fee, while deposits and exits stay secured by Solana.

GAMES

Fast-moving game state

Frequent state changes at a predictable cost. An action that would fail is refused free instead of charging the player.

CONSUMER

Social and everyday apps

Many small actions per user, paid in SOL, on the accounts and programs that Solana developers already know.

No application runs on the network yet. The public testnet, with a public RPC and published SDKs, is where the first ones land.

WHY A LAYER 2 ON SOLANA

Four reasons, checked against what runs

The usual reasons teams give for a Layer 2, and where Solieum stands on each.

01 · LIVE ON DEVNET

Dedicated blockspace

Its own sequencer and blocks. A rush on Solana does not delay a Solieum transaction or change its flat fee.

02 · MEASURED

Fast confirmation

A signed receipt in 14 ms and the transaction in a block in about 100 ms. Sub-millisecond is not claimed.

03 · IN PROGRESS

A chain shaped to the app

Solana’s own runtime, not the EVM. Each chain runs exactly the programs fixed at its start. Gas-free use is not built.

04 · NOT BUILT

Compliance lanes

No KYC or private transactions yet. A permissioned lane must not undo forced inclusion, so that design comes first.

Latency: gamma devnet medians, 13 Nov 2026, 100 ms blocks, sender on the node’s machine. Final on Solana after the 48-hour window.

BUSINESS MODEL

Users pay in SOL. Four revenue lines, one built.

A user pays a flat 5,000 lamports per transaction on devnet, in SOL. The canonical bridge charges no protocol fee.

1 · KEPT FEES	Built. The sequencer keeps the fee.
2 · PRIORITY ORDERING	Planned: ordering sold in SOL.
3 · FAST-EXIT SHARE	Planned: a share of the exit spread.
4 · SERVICES	Planned.

UNIT ECONOMICS TODAY

Settling a one-transaction block costs 3,620,360 lamports, mostly rent (measured). At a 5,000-lamport fee, a block breaks even at about 705 transactions while that rent is locked, and about 452 once the batch rent comes back, as it has since 18 Sept. Until blocks fill, the payer subsidises settlement.

Revenue today is zero. The native coin is not a revenue mechanism.

SEU, THE NATIVE COIN

It pays for settlement work. The rollup never requires it.

SEU is Solieum’s native coin. It rewards the work that keeps settlement honest and governs the economic surface. On the rollup it is an option for fees, never a requirement.

ROLE	Pays for settlement that held and governs the economic surface. It is the gas of Solieum’s own coin chains. Once issued, it can also pay the rollup’s base fee at a 25% discount.
NEVER	Required on the rollup, where SOL always pays, and never collateral for user funds. Bonds stay in SOL.
SUPPLY	500,000,000 SEU, fixed. No new issuance, ever. The mint authority is revoked after issuance.
STATUS	Devnet only. Not issued on a network of value: no mint address, no public sale, no airdrop.
ISSUANCE	First issued on Solana mainnet, when one of four published conditions is met. There is no date.

TOKENOMICS · UTILITY

What SEU pays for

Settlement is work. Today the operator does all of it. SEU turns each role into an income once the roles open to outsiders, while every bond that protects users stays in SOL.

Role	The coin’s part	What stays in SOL
Proposers	A reward for each root that survives its window	The bond they post
Verifiers	Payment for continuous coverage of every root	Nothing
Challengers	A reward on top of the slashed bond	The bond to open a dispute
Staked sequencers	A slashable membership stake, paid per honest slot	The receipt bond
Fast-exit providers	Liquidity incentives behind the 48-hour window	The capital and the spread

A reward is pending until the challenge window closes. A root proven wrong forfeits it to the challenger. Nothing here is mined.

SUPPLY AND VESTING

500,000,000 SEU, allocated once



TEAM

A 12-month cliff, then 36 months.

PRIVATE ROUNDS

A 9-month cliff, then 12 months.

AT ISSUANCE

About 11% of supply is liquid. Nothing unlocks before issuance.

Every bucket, in SEU, with its unlock rule

Bucket	Share	SEU	Unlock
Settlement rewards	30%	150,000,000	15% of what remains is released each year
Ecosystem and grants	15%	75,000,000	10% at issuance, then linear over 48 months
Team and contributors	15%	75,000,000	12-month cliff, then 36 months linear
Private rounds	12%	60,000,000	9-month cliff, then 12 months linear
Treasury	12%	60,000,000	Locked 12 months, then spent by governance
Community and early points	7%	35,000,000	50% at issuance, 50% linear over 6 months
Launch liquidity	5%	25,000,000	At issuance, in pools locked 12 months or more
Presale	4%	20,000,000	25% at issuance, the rest linear over 6 months

Counted from issuance. Signed agreements keep their own terms. Every bucket vests in an on-chain escrow anyone can read. Source: ADR-0028, amended 19 November 2026.

TOKENOMICS · CIRCULATING SUPPLY

What is liquid, and when

What can trade is set by the unlock at issuance and by the pace of the rewards pool.

ON THE DAY OF ISSUANCE

11%

About 55,000,000 SEU is liquid. The rest sits in escrows.

Launch liquidity · 25,000,000
Community · 17,500,000
Ecosystem · 7,500,000
Presale · 5,000,000

REWARDS POOL, YEAR BY YEAR

15%

of what remains in the 150,000,000 pool is released each year.

Year 1 · 22,500,000
Year 2 · 19,125,000
Year 3 · 16,256,250
By year 10 · about 120,500,000

Team and private rounds hold 27%: nothing before month 9, then spread, on different dates. Source: ADR-0028.

COIN ECONOMICS

How value reaches SEU

Four rules link the coin to what the network does. They are rules, not a forecast.

01 · FIXED SUPPLY

No emissions

500,000,000 SEU and no new issuance. The mint authority is revoked after issuance.

02 · BURN

Half of every fee

On Solieum’s own coin chains, half of each fee paid in SEU is burned.

03 · BUYBACK

20% of net SOL revenue

The treasury buys SEU with it, once the chain has covered its own costs for 90 days.

04 · PAID FOR WORK

Rewards from a fixed pool

The pool releases 15% of what remains each year, and pays only for settlement that held.

Source: ADR-0025 and ADR-0028 on solieum.com. Revenue today is zero, and the buyback rule is subject to legal review.

TOKENOMICS · GOVERNANCE

What holders would decide, and what they never can

DECIDED BY HOLDERS

The economic surface

- Fee margins, the bridge fee and the cap on fast-exit fees
- What the treasury buys, and the share spent on SEU
- What each role earns, and how it vests
- Which staked sequencers are admitted

FIXED IN CODE

The chain’s security

- The challenge window and the air gap
- Who may deny a root, and the dispute authority
- The state commitment and the proof classes
- The supply rule: no new coin, ever

The vote program does not exist yet. Today nothing about the chain is decided by anyone but the operator.

THE ROUNDS

What is offered: a right to the coin

Delivered if and when SEU is issued on a network of value. Two stages, the way Solana’s own went: private rounds first, a public presale after.

COMING SOON

Private rounds

By direct agreement with the team, and only where you are eligible. Price and size are set in that agreement, not published. Vesting keeps to the published floor.

PLANNED, NO DATE

Public presale

Open to anyone eligible, and announced on solieum.com first. Until it is announced there, every public Solieum sale is fake.

Any address or contract calling itself the Solieum coin or token today is a scam. Solieum team members never contact you first.

ROADMAP

Nine stages, closed by criteria, not dates

01 · LIVE
Devnet
Six programs live, blocks settle

02 · BUILDING
Testnet
Public RPC, SDKs, exits end to end

03 · PLANNED
Mainnet beta
Audit, multisig, exit limits

04 · PLANNED
Fast exits, team-fronted
An on-chain float that can refuse

05 · PLANNED
Proofs enforcing
Proofs gate finality, open to all

06 · PLANNED
Fast exits, underwritten
A provider at a published spread

07 · PLANNED
Staked sequencer set
Rotating and bonded, ordering only

08 · PLANNED
Reduced trust
Longer timelock, narrower powers

09 · PLANNED
Ephemeral lanes
A decision record comes first

USE OF FUNDS

What the round pays for

The raise is tied to the roadmap’s published exit criteria. Each line closes a named gap between devnet and mainnet beta.

Milestone	What it delivers	Share of funds
External audit and fixes	Audit reports published and findings closed	15%
Multisig and timelock	The single upgrade key is retired	5%
Public testnet	Public RPC, published SDKs, open protocol code	15%
Fast-exit float	Liquidity for team-fronted fast exits	15%
Mainnet beta	Withdrawal limits and circuit breakers live	10%
Team and operations	18 months of runway for the team and its first hires	40%

Planned shares of a USD 2 million raise; they may move between lines as milestones close. The buyback rule cannot be funded from the raise.

RISKS

The main risks, and what we do about each

CODE FAULT	An external audit before mainnet, a published disclosure policy, and a devnet that holds nothing of value.
CENTRAL CONTROL	One upgrade key today. Multisig, threshold and timelock are published before mainnet, then narrowed further.
REGULATION	Rights are sold by direct agreement, only where the buyer is eligible, and each agreement is subject to legal review.
ADOPTION	No applications yet. 15% of supply is set aside for ecosystem and grants, and the testnet opens the code and SDKs.
SOLANA FEE SPIKES	Settlement cost follows Solana’s fees. A fee-spike policy is published before mainnet.
EXECUTION	A small team runs the sequencer, proposer and batcher today. The staked sequencer set is a later roadmap stage.

WHAT IS NOT DONE YET

The list we would ask for if we were investing

Every line below is already published on solieum.com. Funding is for closing this list.

- No external audit is complete
- One key can upgrade the contracts
- Proofs do not yet gate real funds
- No exit yet by a user outside the team
- Nobody outside the team runs a verifier
- No bridge limits are deployed
- Protocol code is not public yet
- No public RPC or public explorer
- Throughput is not benchmarked
- SDK packages are not published
- No applications on the network
- No mainnet date

Each item is an exit criterion on the roadmap.

WHY INVEST NOW

The hard parts already run

The engineering risk that usually sits ahead of a raise is behind this one. What remains is a known list, not open research.

BUILT FIRST

The exit path exists

A bridge in both directions, a fraud-proof game, forced inclusion and settlement are deployed on Solana devnet.

EASY TO CHECK

Every figure has a basis

Measured, target or not yet known is stated beside each number, so diligence starts from facts.

A CLEAR LIST

The gap is written down

An audit, a multisig and timelock, a public testnet and an outside exit. Each is a published exit criterion.

Capital closes the gap from devnet to mainnet beta.

THE ASK

Funding the road from devnet to mainnet beta

RAISING

USD 2 million

In private rounds, by direct agreement, only where the buyer is eligible.

WHAT YOU RECEIVE

A right to SEU

From the 12% private-round allocation: a 9-month cliff, then 12 months.

WHAT IT FUNDS

Audit, testnet, mainnet beta

External audit, multisig and timelock, a public testnet with SDKs, and withdrawal limits for mainnet beta.

RUNWAY

18 months

For the founding team and its first hires, to the milestones on the previous slides.

Terms are set in each agreement. Nothing here is an offer, or a forecast of returns.

TEAM

Solieum Labs

The founding team builds the protocol and runs the sequencer, the proposer and the batcher today.

FOUNDER

Karnan Nataraj

TECH ADVISOR

Suresh Raju

FOUNDING ENGINEER

Selvi Suresh

Shipped on Solana devnet by this team: six L1 programs, the rollup node, the bridge in both directions and the explorer.

Full team profiles are published before mainnet.

CONTACT

Talk to the team

Technical questions get technical answers, including the uncomfortable ones.

EMAIL	support@solieum.com
TELEGRAM	t.me/Solieum_layer2
X	@solieum
DOCUMENTATION	solieum.gitbook.io/solieum
WEBSITE	solieum.com

This deck is informational. It is not an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy any security, coin or token, and nothing here should be read as a forecast of returns.